A CARLAT PSYCHIATRY REFERENCE TABLE

Barnes Akathisia Rating Scale Rating Scale for Drug-Induced Akathisia

Source: Thomas R. E. Barnes. A Rating Scale for Drug-Induced Akathisia. British Journal of Psychiatry 1989;154(5):672-676. © 2018 Cambridge University Press, reproduced with permission.

Patient name:

Patient research no.:

Hospital no.:

Ward:

Rater:

Patients should be observed while they are seated, and then standing while engaged in neutral conversation (for a minimum of two minutes in each position). Symptoms observed in other situations, for example, while engaged in activity on the ward, may also be rated. Subsequently, the subjective phenomena should be elicited by direct questioning.

Objective

- 0 Normal, occasional fidgety movements of the limbs.
- 1 Presence of characteristic restless movements: shuffling or tramping movements of the legs/feet, or swinging of one leg, while sitting, and/or rocking from foot to foot or "walking on the spot" when standing, but movements present for less than half the time observed.
- 2 Observed phenomena, as described in (1)above, which are present for at least half the observation period.
- 3 The patient is constantly engaged in characteristic restless movements, and/or has the inability to remain seated or standing without walking or pacing, during the time observed.

Subjective

Awareness of restlessness

- 0 Absence of inner restlessness.
- 1 Non-specific sense of inner restlessness.
- 2 The patient is aware of an inability to keep the legs still, or a desire to move the legs, and/or complains of inner restlessness aggravated specifically by being required to stand still.
- 3 Awareness of an intense compulsion to move most of the time and/or reports a strong desire to walk or pace most of the time.

Distress related to restlessness

- 0 No distress
- 1 Mild
- 2 Moderate
- 3 Severe

Global clinical assessment of akathisia

0 Absent

No evidence of awareness of restlessness. Observation of characteristic movements of akathisia in the absence of a subjective report of inner restlessness or compulsive desire to move the legs should be classified as pseudoakathisia.

1 Questionable

Non-specific inner tension and fidgety movements.

2 Mild akathisia

Awareness of restlessness in the legs and/or inner restlessness worse when required to stand still. Fidgety movements present, but characteristic restless movements of akathisia not necessarily observed. Condition causes little or no distress.

3 Moderate akathisia

Awareness of restlessness as described for mild akathisia above, combined with characteristic restless movements such as rocking from foot to foot when standing. Patient finds the condition distressing.

4 Marked akathisia

Subjective experience of restlessness includes a compulsive desire to walk or pace. However, the patient is able to remain seated for at least five minutes. The condition is obviously distressing.

5 Severe akathisia

The patient reports a strong compulsion to pace up and down most of the time. Unable to sit or lie down for more than a few minutes. Constant restlessness which is associated with intense distress and insomnia.

From the Expert Q&A:

"Akathisia: Manifestations and Treatments"

with Michael Poyurovsky, MD